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Wood/aluminium triple glazed windows



Owner of the EPD:

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Basic information

This declaration is the Type III Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) based on EN 15804+A2 and verified according to ISO 14025 by an external auditor. It contains the information on the impacts of the declared construction materials on the environment and their aspects verified by the independent body according to ISO 14025. Basically, comparison or evaluation of EPD data is possible only if all the compared data were created according to EN 15804+A2.

Life cycle analysis (LCA): A1-A5, C1-C4 and D modules in accordance with EN 15804 (Cradle-to-Gate with options)

The year of preparing the EPD: 2023

The year of validation the EPD: 2024 (A4-A5 modules + appendix contains LCA results in the format

described in EN15804 + A1:2013) **Product standard:** EN 14351-1+A2

Service Life: 50 years **PCR**: ITB-PCR A

Functional unit: 1 m² wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm

Reasons for performing LCA: B2B Representativeness: European

MANUFACTURER

Cetonia A/S is a Danish company specialized in the production of wood and aluminum windows and doors for buildings. Its portfolio encompasses wide range of windows, doors for both private and professional costumers in Denmark. Cetonia A/S produces windows and doors which can be built together in many different ways for the costumers individual specifications. The products are manufactured at the production plant in Denmark and then transported to the costumer.



Fig. 1. Cetonia A/S manufacturing plant located in Bjerringbro, Denmark.

PRODUCTS DESCRIPTION AND APPLICATION

Wood/aluminium windows are a standard and representative windows covered by this declaration. EPD covers triple glazed window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and it comes from a Porthos+ group system. The specifications of Porthos+ wood/aluminum windows produced by Cetonia A/S are presented in Table 1.

Table 1. The specification of Porthos+ wood/aluminium windows with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing produced by Cetonia A/S

Туре	Design	gw	F _f	Min.t _{oi} (°C)	E _{ref} (kWh/m²)	Uw (W/m ² K)
Tilt and turn window	1230 mm	0.4028	0.76	14.4	10.4	0.76
Fixed window	1230 mm L6 V6 V5 L3	0.4611	0.87	14.3	29.1	0.68

Wood/aluminium triple glazed windows with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm have weight about 67.7 kg, including 12.7 kg. wood, 5.1 kg. aluminium, 4.5 kg. composite PVC, 43.8 kg. glass and 1.6 kg. paints (Table 2).

Table 2. Composition and percentage of input materials of triple glazed wood-aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm produced by Cetonia A/S.

Input material	Content (mass basis)	Unit	Percentage
Wood	12.72	kg	18.8
Aluminium	5.05	kg	7.5
PVC	4.54	kg	6.7
Glass	43.81	kg	64.7
Paints	1.60	kg	2.4
Total	67.72		100.0

More information can be found on the Cetonia A/S website: www.cetonia.dk

LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA) - general rules applied

Allocation

The allocation rules used for this EPD are based on general ITB PCR A. Production of the wood/aluminum windows is a line process conducted in the manufacturing plan located in Bjerringbro (Denmark). All impacts from raw materials extraction and processing are allocated in A1 module of EPD. Water and energy consumption, associated emissions and generated wastes are allocated to module A3. Energy supply was inventoried for whole production process. Packaging materials were taken into consideration.

System limits

The life cycle analysis (LCA) of the declared products covers: product stage – modules A1-A3, end of life – modules C1-C4 and benefits and loads beyond the system boundary – module D (cradle-togate with options) in accordance with EN 15804 + A2 and ITB PCR A. Energy and water consumption, emissions as well as information on generated wastes were inventoried and were included in the calculations. It can be assumed that the total sum of omitted processes does not exceed 5% of all impact categories. In accordance with EN 15804 + A2, machines and facilities (capital goods) required for the production as well as transportation of employees were not included in LCA.

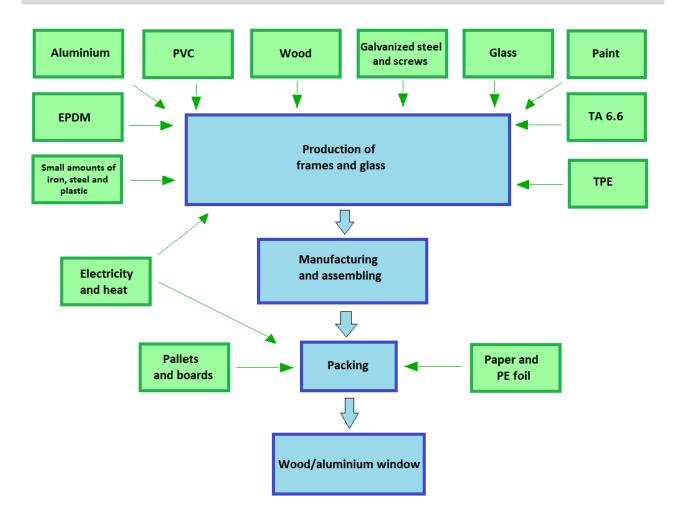


Fig. 2. A scheme of wood/aluminium windows production by Cetonia A/S

Modules A1 and A2: Raw materials supply and transport

Raw materials such as wood, aluminium, rigid PVC grey, glass and paints are produced in European plants of leading chemical manufacturers whereas other ancillary items come mainly from local Danish suppliers. Data on transport of the different products to the manufacturing plants is collected and modelled for factory by assessor. Means of transport include average (10 - 16 t) and big (>16 t) trucks are applied. Based on data provided by the manufacturer, all input of transport resources was inventoried in details.

Module A3: Production

A scheme of wood/aluminium windows production process is presented in Fig. 2.

Modules A4 and A5 : Construction stage

Transport of wood/aluminium window from factory gate to the place of installation was considered. Means of transport include truck (Euro 5), was assumed to cover an average distance of 100 km (module A4). Wood/aluminium windows are delivered to installation site in the form of elements ready for assembly. The installation process must be performed according to the instruction provided by

manufacturer. Considered environmental burdens are associated with the use of ancillary materials and energy consumption associated the use of power assembly tools (module A5).

Modules C1-C4 and D: End-of-life (EoL)

It is assumed that at the end-of-life, 100% of wood/aluminium windows are demounted using electric tools (module C1) and it is transported to waste processing plant distant by 60 km, on 16-32 t lorry (Euro 5) (module C2). Materials recovered from dismantled products are recycled, incinerated (module C3) and landfilled (module C4) according to the realistic treatment practice (mass allocation) of industrial waste what is presented in Table 3. 95% of the resulting aluminium undergo recycling after sorting and cutting while the remaining 5% is forwarded to landfill as mixed construction and demolition wastes. In turn, 90% of wood is incinerated while the 10% remaining waste materials are forwarded to landfill in the form of mixed construction and demolition wastes. A potential credit resulting from the recycling of aluminium, plastic and glass are presented in module D. Utilization of packaging material which constitute less than 1% of the total system flows was not taken into consideration.

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Material	Waste processing	Landfilling							
wood	90 %	10 %							
aluminium	95 %	5 %							
plastic	60 %	40 %							
glass	98 %	2 %							

Table 3. End-of-life scenario for wood/aluminium windows manufactured by Cetonia A/S

Data quality

The data selected for LCA analysis originates from ITB-LCI questionnaires completed by Cetonia A/S using the inventory data, ITB and Ecoinvent database v. 3.9. No specific data collected is older than five years and no generic datasets used are older than ten years. The representativeness, completeness, reliability, and consistency are judged as good. Data for Danish electricity was supported by Ecoinvent database v. 3.9. Specific EPDs were used for wood, hydro aluminium extrusion ingot and glass inputs. Environmental characteristics that were not included in these EPDs sent by the manufacturer were taken from the Ecoinvent.

Data collection period

The data for manufacture of the declared products refers to period between 01.07.2021 – 30.06.2022 (1 year). The life cycle assessments were prepared for Europe as reference area.

Assumptions and estimates

Impacts were inventoried and calculated for triple glazed wood/aluminium windows with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm which are a standard and representative for the Porthos+ group system.

Calculation rules

LCA was performed using ITB-LCA tool developed in accordance with EN 15804 + A2.

Databases

The data for the processes comes from Ecoinvent v. 3.9 and ITB-Database. Specific data quality analysis was a part of external audit.

LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA) - Results

Declared unit

The declaration refers to declared unit (DU) -1 m^2 wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing, manufactured by Cetonia A/S.

Table 4. System boundaries for the environmental characteristic of wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 \times 1480 mm and triple glazing.

Environmental assessment information (MD – Module Declared, MND – Module Not Declared, INA – Indicator Not Assessed)											sed)						
Prod	duct st	age		Construction process Use stage End of life						Use stage							
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to construction site	Construction- installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-recovery- recycling potential	
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	В1	B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C2 C3 C4							D				
MD	MD	MD	MD	MD	MND	MND MND MND MND MND MND MD MD MD MD						MD					

Table 5. LCA results of wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing – environmental impacts

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A 5	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Global Warming Potential	eq. kg CO2	4.12E+01	1.03E+00	2.26E+00	4.45E+01	6.21E-01	8.97E-01	1.41E-02	3.72E-01	1.05E+01	1.59E-01	-3.40E+01
Greenhouse gas potential - fossil	eq. kg CO2	5.42E+01	1.03E+00	2.11E+00	5.74E+01	6.18E-01	8.88E-01	1.32E-02	3.71E-01	1.20E+00	9.34E-02	-7.86E+01
Greenhouse gas potential - biogenic	eq. kg CO2	-1.47E+01	4.01E-03	1.44E-01	-1.46E+01	2.11E-03	7.58E-03	9.10E-04	1.27E-03	9.27E+00	6.60E-02	1.86E-01
Global warming potential - land use and land use change	eq. kg CO2	1.68E+00	4.63E-04	6.56E-03	1.69E+00	2.43E-04	6.54E-04	4.19E-05	1.46E-04	3.17E-04	1.81E-05	-8.39E-02
Stratospheric ozone depletion potential	eq. kg CFC 11	4.55E-06	2.33E-07	4.86E-08	4.83E-06	1.43E-07	1.84E-07	2.84E-10	8.59E-08	7.82E-08	3.69E-09	-3.70E-06
Soil and water acidification potential	eq. mol H+	4.53E-01	4.12E-03	8.19E-03	4.65E-01	2.51E-03	3.46E-03	5.17E-05	1.51E-03	3.87E-03	1.58E-04	-2.64E-01
Eutrophication potential - freshwater	eq. kg P	1.39E-02	7.78E-05	1.65E-03	1.57E-02	4.16E-05	1.20E-04	1.05E-05	2.49E-05	1.14E-04	3.29E-06	-8.66E-03
Eutrophication potential - seawater	eq. kg N	1.32E-01	1.21E-03	2.11E-03	1.35E-01	7.58E-04	9.45E-04	1.25E-05	4.55E-04	1.65E-03	6.61E-04	-8.53E-02
Eutrophication potential - terrestrial	eq. mol N	1.39E+00	1.32E-02	2.24E-02	1.42E+00	8.26E-03	1.03E-02	1.42E-04	4.96E-03	1.67E-02	5.98E-04	-1.05E+00
Potential for photochemical ozone synthesis	eq. kg NMVOC	2.08E-01	4.06E-03	5.32E-03	2.18E-01	2.53E-03	3.18E-03	3.36E-05	1.52E-03	4.51E-03	2.18E-04	-2.60E-01
Potential for depletion of abiotic resources - non-fossil resources	eq. kg Sb	4.45E-04	4.48E-06	1.37E-05	4.64E-04	2.19E-06	5.63E-06	8.71E-08	1.32E-06	5.13E-06	5.56E-08	-5.23E-04
Abiotic depletion potential - fossil fuels	MJ	6.57E+02	1.51E+01	3.54E+01	7.08E+02	9.18E+00	1.31E+01	2.23E-01	5.51E+00	6.64E+00	4.45E-01	-3.62E+02
Water deprivation potential	eq. m³	2.66E+01	7.67E-02	1.53E+00	2.82E+01	4.24E-02	1.11E-01	9.51E-03	2.55E-02	5.68E-01	2.55E-03	-2.35E+01

Table 6. LCA results of wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing – additional impacts indicators

Indicator	Unit	A 1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Particulate matter	disease incidence	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235	eg. kBq U235	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems	CTUe	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential comparative toxic unit for humans (cancer effects)	CTUh	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential comparative toxic unit for humans (non-cancer effects)	CTUh	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential soil quality index	dimensionless	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA

Table 7. LCA results of wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing – waste categories

Indicator	Unit	A 1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste neutralized	kg	1.48E+00	1.90E-02	1.42E-01	1.65E+00	1.03E-02	2.28E-02	9.02E-04	6.18E-03	4.93E-02	6.77E-04	-1.31E+00
Non-hazardous waste neutralised	kg	3.84E+01	3.42E-01	7.83E+00	4.66E+01	1.83E-01	5.40E-01	4.99E-02	1.10E-01	6.00E-01	1.01E+00	-3.86E+01
Radioactive waste	kg	1.19E-03	1.04E-04	1.82E-04	1.48E-03	6.32E-05	8.66E-05	1.16E-06	3.79E-05	3.90E-05	1.67E-06	-1.48E-03
Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	2.62E-02	5.08E-05	4.71E-03	3.09E-02	2.84E-05	1.52E-04	2.84E-05	1.71E-05	5.29E+00	2.05E-06	1.82E-01
Materials for energy recovery	kg	1.15E-04	4.06E-07	3.12E-03	3.23E-03	2.30E-07	3.97E-07	4.27E-09	1.38E-07	1.03E-06	1.45E-08	-3.66E-06
Energy exported	MJ	4.21E+00	1.80E-02	2.41E-03	4.23E+00	1.02E-02	2.53E-02	4.27E-09	6.11E-03	3.33E+00	6.61E-04	-4.99E-01

Table 8. LCA results of wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing - the resource use

Indicator	Unit	A 1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Consumption of renewable primary energy - excluding renewable primary energy sources used as raw materials	MJ	2.61E+02	2.49E-01	3.40E+01	2.95E+02	1.32E-01	1.05E+00	2.17E-01	7.90E-02	-8.75E+01	-9.77E+00	-8.78E+01
Consumption of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	1.17E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.17E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.80E+01	9.78E+00	0.00E+00
Total consumption of renewable primary energy resources	MJ	3.77E+02	2.49E-01	3.40E+01	4.12E+02	1.32E-01	1.05E+00	2.17E-01	7.90E-02	6.02E-01	8.12E-03	-3.51E+02
Consumption of non-renewable primary energy - excluding renewable primary energy sources used as raw materials	MJ	6.03E+02	1.51E+01	3.49E+01	6.53E+02	9.18E+00	1.31E+01	2.23E-01	5.51E+00	-1.25E+02	1.81E-01	-2.76E+02
Consumption of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	5.96E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.96E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.27E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Total consumption of non- renewable primary energy resources	MJ	6.62E+02	1.51E+01	3.55E+01	7.13E+02	9.18E+00	1.31E+01	2.23E-01	5.51E+00	6.64E+00	4.26E-01	-1.01E+03
Consumption of secondary materials	kg	2.74E-01	5.92E-03	1.10E-02	2.91E-01	3.08E-03	6.72E-03	6.89E-05	1.85E-03	1.18E-02	1.60E-04	1.75E+00
Consumption of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	1.12E-01	6.76E-05	5.00E-05	1.12E-01	3.39E-05	7.86E-05	3.16E-07	2.03E-05	1.70E-04	5.83E-06	-8.34E-03
Consumption of non-renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Net consumption of freshwater resources	m ³	1.03E+00	2.07E-03	6.78E-02	1.10E+00	1.15E-03	3.52E-03	4.11E-04	6.93E-04	1.63E-03	4.65E-04	-5.16E-01

ANNEX for EN 15804 + A1: 2013

Characterization factors for EN 15804+A1: 2013 comes from Ecoinvent CML v. 4.8 and ITB-Database.

Results in the appendix communicates LCA results in the format described in EN 15804+A1: 2013 was added at the express request of the EPD owner.

The appendix cannot stand alone because the reference EPD describes the basis for the assessment.

Table 9. LCA results of wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing – environmental impacts

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Global Warming Potential	eq. kg CO ₂	5.73E+01	1.13E+00	2.12E+00	6.05E+01	8.62E-01	9.60E-01	1.33E-02	4.18E-01	1.62E+00	1.23E-01	-3.15E+01
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	eq. kg CFC 11	4.56E-06	2.03E-08	4.22E-08	4.63E-06	1.55E-08	1.74E-08	2.55E-10	7.50E-09	1.57E-08	4.21E-10	-3.86E-06
Acidification potential of soil and water	eq. kg SO ₂	4.39E-01	3.17E-03	6.28E-03	4.49E-01	2.53E-03	1.73E-03	3.99E-05	1.04E-03	3.84E-03	9.68E-05	-2.32E-01
Eutrophication potential	eq. kg (PO ₄) ⁻³	4.78E-02	8.17E-04	6.13E-03	5.47E-02	6.53E-04	5.76E-04	3.84E-05	2.69E-04	2.05E-03	5.14E-03	-8.20E-03
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone	eq. kg Ethene	1.52E-01	2.80E-04	4.62E-04	1.53E-01	2.19E-04	1.71E-04	2.93E-06	9.78E-05	7.11E-04	2.85E-05	-6.56E-02
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP- elements) for non-fossil resources	eq. kg Sb	4.27E-04	3.64E-06	1.36E-05	4.45E-04	2.78E-06	4.31E-06	8.69E-08	1.35E-06	4.88E-06	3.80E-08	-4.97E-04
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-fossil fuels) for fossil resources	MJ	6.43E+02	1.57E+01	2.39E+01	6.83E+02	1.20E+01	1.31E+01	1.49E-01	5.87E+00	1.10E+01	4.21E-01	-3.22E+02

Table 10. LCA results of wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing - the resource use

Indicator	Unit	A 1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Consumption of renewable primary energy - excluding renewable primary energy sources used as raw materials	MJ	2.60E+02	2.71E-01	3.40E+01	2.94E+02	2.14E-01	1.07E+00	2.17E-01	9.24E-02	-8.74E+01	-9.76E+00	-1.80E+02
Consumption of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	1.17E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.17E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.80E+01	9.78E+00	0.00E+00
Total consumption of renewable primary energy resources	MJ	3.76E+02	2.71E-01	3.40E+01	4.11E+02	2.14E-01	1.07E+00	2.17E-01	9.24E-02	6.05E-01	1.36E-02	-1.94E+02
Consumption of non-renewable primary energy - excluding renewable primary energy sources used as raw materials	MJ	6.13E+02	1.62E+01	3.55E+01	6.64E+02	1.24E+01	1.38E+01	2.23E-01	6.00E+00	-1.21E+02	-2.10E+01	-2.10E+02
Consumption of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	5.96E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.96E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.27E+02	2.15E+01	0.00E+00
Total consumption of non-renewable primary energy resources	MJ	6.72E+02	1.62E+01	3.55E+01	7.24E+02	1.24E+01	1.38E+01	2.23E-01	6.00E+00	6.87E+00	4.35E-01	-3.25E+02
Consumption of secondary materials	kg	2.77E-01	7.03E-03	1.09E-02	2.95E-01	5.31E-03	7.25E-03	6.89E-05	2.70E-03	1.20E-02	1.65E-04	1.75E+00
Consumption of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	1.12E-01	7.65E-05	5.03E-05	1.12E-01	5.40E-05	7.70E-05	3.16E-07	3.43E-05	1.69E-04	6.29E-06	-8.34E-03
Consumption of non-renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Net consumption of freshwater resources	m³	9.18E-01	1.96E-03	6.53E-02	9.85E-01	1.51E-03	3.31E-03	4.11E-04	7.16E-04	1.61E-03	4.81E-04	-1.01E+00

Table 11. LCA results of wood/aluminium window with dimensions of 1230 x 1480 mm and triple glazing – waste categories

Indicator	Unit	A 1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste neutralized	kg	1.54E+00	1.02E-02	1.42E-01	1.69E+00	7.65E-03	1.30E-02	9.02E-04	4.02E-03	4.59E-02	3.00E-04	-1.41E+00
Non-hazardous waste neutralised	kg	3.93E+01	3.43E-01	7.85E+00	4.75E+01	2.66E-01	5.25E-01	4.99E-02	1.22E-01	6.01E-01	1.01E+00	-3.56E+01
Radioactive waste	kg	1.10E-03	6.04E-06	1.82E-04	1.29E-03	4.86E-06	1.05E-05	1.16E-06	1.94E-06	1.14E-05	1.94E-07	-1.30E-03
Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	2.63E-02	1.20E-04	4.71E-03	3.11E-02	9.25E-05	2.19E-04	2.84E-05	4.40E-05	5.29E+00	3.81E-06	1.82E-01
Materials for energy recovery	kg	1.18E-04	5.05E-07	3.12E-03	3.23E-03	2.47E-07	3.27E-07	4.27E-09	3.68E-07	9.99E-07	1.09E-08	1.34E-06
Energy exported	MJ	4.12E+00	1.82E-02	3.26E-04	4.14E+00	1.74E-02	3.31E-02	4.27E-09	2.24E-03	3.31E+00	2.40E-04	-4.99E-01

Verification

The process of verification of this EPD is in accordance with ISO 14025 and ISO 21930. After verification, this EPD is valid for a 5-year-period. EPD does not have to be recalculated after 5 years, if the underlying data have not changed significantly.

The basis for LCA analysis was EN 15804 + A2 and ITB PCR A								
Independent verification corresponding to ISO 14025 (subclause 8.1.3)								
x external	internal internal							
External verification of EPD: Halina Prejzner, PhD Eng								
LCA, LCI audit and input data verification: Mateusz Ko	zicki, PhD							
Verification of LCA: Michał Piasecki, PhD. DSc. Eng								

Note 1: The declaration owner has the sole ownership, liability and responsibility for the information provided and contained in EPD. Declarations within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. Declarations of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 + A2. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 + A2 and ISO 14025. Depending on the application, a corresponding conversion factor such as the specific weight per surface area must be taken into consideration.

Note 2: ITB is a public Research Organization and Notified Body (EC Reg. no 1488) to the European Commission and to other Member States of the European Union designated for the tasks concerning the assessment of building products' performance. ITB acts as the independent, third-party verification organization (17065/17025 certified). ITB-EPD program is recognized and registered member of The European Platform – Association of EPD program operators and ITB-EPD declarations are registered and stored in the international ECO-PORTAL.

Normative references

- ITB PCR A General Product Category Rules for Construction Products
- ISO 14025:2006. Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations Principles and procedures
- ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services
- ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Requirements and guidelines
- ISO 15686-1:2011 Buildings and constructed assets Service life planning Part 1: General principles and framework
- ISO 15686-8:2008 Buildings and constructed assets Service life planning Part 8: Reference service life and service-life estimation
- EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations Core rules for the product category of construction products
- ISO 14067:2018 Greenhouse gases Carbon footprint of products Requirements and guidelines for quantification
- EN 15942:2012 Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations Communication format business-to-business
- EN 14351-1+A2 Windows and doors Product standard, performance characteristics Part 1: Windows and external pedestrian doorsets





Thermal Physics, Acoustics and Environment Department
02-656 Warsaw, Ksawerów 21

CERTIFICATE № 450/2023 of TYPE III ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATION

Products:

Wood/aluminium triple glazed windows

Manufacturer:

Cetonia A/S

Hedemølle Industrivej 1, 8850 Bjerringbro

confirms the correctness of the data included in the development of Type III Environmental Declaration and accordance with the requirements of the standard

EN 15804+A2

Sustainability of construction works.

Environmental product declarations.

Core rules for the product category of construction products.

This certificate, issued on 10th May 2023 is valid for 5 years or until amendment of mentioned Environmental Declaration

Head of the Thermal Physic, Acoustics // and Environment Department

gnieszka Winkler-Skalna, PhD

Deputy Director for Research and Innovation

Krzysztof Kuczyński, PhD

Warsaw, May 2023